Title I, Part A
Schoolwide Programs
Public Law 114-95
Section 1114
2017 by the Texas Education Agency
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Schoolwide Programs
Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA)
Public Law 114-95, Section 1114

A Title I, Part A schoolwide program is a comprehensive reform strategy designed to upgrade the entire educational program in a Title I school to improve the achievement of the lowest achieving students. [ESSA section 1114(a)(1)]

Schoolwide applies only to campuses. A district CANNOT be schoolwide.

Eligibility, Section 1114 (a)(1)(A) & (B)
- Not less than 40% of the children in the school attendance area are from low-income families, OR
- Not less than 40% of the children enrolled in the school are from low income families, OR
- If a school has less than 40% of the children in the school attendance area from low income families, or a school has less than 40% of the children enrolled in the school from low-income families, the school may apply and receive a waiver from the State Educational Agency to operate a schoolwide program

Identification, Section 1114 (a)(B)(2)
- When a school is eligible to operate a schoolwide program, the school is NOT required to identify...
  - Particular children as eligible to participate in a schoolwide program
  - Individual services as supplementary

Use of Funds
- In a schoolwide program a local education agency MAY consolidate and use Title I Part A funds, together with other Federal, State, and local funds to upgrade the entire educational program of an eligible school Section 1114 (a)(1)(A)
- A school participating in a schoolwide program SHALL use available funds only to supplement the amount of funds that would, in the absence of funds under this part, be made available from non-Federal sources for the school Section 1114 (a)(2)(B)
- A school that chooses to consolidate and use funds from different Federal programs under this section shall NOT be required to maintain separate fiscal accounting records, by program, that identify the specific activities supported by those particular funds as long as the school maintains records that demonstrate that the schoolwide program, considered as a whole, addresses the intent and purposes of each of the Federal programs that were consolidated to support the schoolwide program Section 1114 (a)(3)(C)
• Dual or Concurrent Enrollment: **Section 1114 (e)(1) & (2)**
  o A secondary school operating a schoolwide program under Title I Part A **MAY** use funds received under this part to operate dual or concurrent enrollment programs that address the needs of low-achieving secondary school students and those at risk of not meeting the challenging State academic standards
  o A secondary school using Title I Part A funds to operate a dual or concurrent enrollment program **MAY** use funds for any of the costs associated with such program, including the costs of…
    ▪ Training for teachers, and joint professional development for teachers in collaboration with career and technical education, where appropriate, for the purpose of integrating rigorous academics in such program;
    ▪ Tuition and fees, books, required instructional materials for such program, and innovative delivery methods;
    ▪ Transportation to and from such program

### Developing the Schoolwide Plan

- **To be schoolwide a campus must complete a year of planning**
- **An ESC assists and verifies that the year of planning took place**
  - One-year planning is required unless it is determined that less time is needed to develop and implement the schoolwide program
- **Remains in effect but shall be regularly monitored and revised as necessary based on student needs;**
- **Comprehensive Needs Assessment: REQUIRED.** A schoolwide program shall develop a comprehensive plan that "is based on a comprehensive needs assessment of the entire school that takes into account information on the academic achievement of children in relation to the challenging State academic standards, particularly the needs of those children who are failing or are at-risk of failing, to meet the challenging State academic standards and any other factors as determined by the local educational agency" **Section 1114 (b)(6)**
- **Comprehensive Plan**
  - **REQUIRED.** A schoolwide program shall develop a comprehensive plan that "is developed with the involvement of parents and other members of the community to be served including teachers, principals, other school leaders, paraprofessionals present in the school, and administrators…" **Section 1114 (b)(2)**
  - **REQUIRED.** A schoolwide program shall develop a comprehensive plan that "is available to the local education agency, parents, and the public, and the information contained in such plan shall be in an understandable and uniform format and, to the extent practicable, provided in a language that the parents can understand" **Section 1114 (b)(4)**
REQUIRED. A schoolwide program shall develop a comprehensive plan that, if appropriate and applicable, "is developed in coordination and integration with other Federal, State, and local services, resources, and programs, such as programs supported under this Act, violence prevention programs, nutrition programs, housing programs, Head Start programs, adult education programs, career and technical education programs, and schools implementing comprehensive support and improvement activities or targeted support and improvement activities under section 1111(d)"
Section 1114 (b)(5)

REQUIRED. A schoolwide program shall develop a comprehensive plan that includes a description of the strategies that the school will be implementing to address school needs, including a description of how such strategies will (i) "provide opportunities for all children, including each of the subgroups of students (as defined in section 1111(c)(2)) to meet the challenging State academic standards; (ii) use methods and instructional strategies that strengthen the academic program in the school, increase the amount and quality of learning time, and help provide an enriched and accelerated curriculum, which may include programs, activities, and courses necessary to provide a well-rounded education; and (iii) address the needs of all children in the school, but particularly the needs of those at risk of not meeting the challenging State academic standards"
Section 1114 (b)(7)(A)(i-iii)

- Evaluate the Plan: REQUIRED. A schoolwide program shall develop a comprehensive plan that "remains in effect for the duration of the school's participation, except that the plan and its implementation shall be regularly monitored and revised as necessary based on student needs to ensure that all students are provided opportunities to meet the challenging state academic standards"
Section 1114 (b)(3)

- Strategies that MAY be included in the plan:
  - "counseling, school-based mental health programs, specialized instructional support services, mentoring services, and other strategies to improve students' skills outside the academic subject areas"
  Section 1114 (b)(7)(A)(iii)(I)
  - "preparation for and awareness of opportunities for postsecondary education and the workforce, which may include career and technical education programs and broadening secondary school students' access to coursework to earn postsecondary credit while still in high school (such as Advanced Placement, International Baccalaureate, dual or concurrent enrollment, or early college high school)"
  Section 1114 (b)(7)(A)(iii)(II)
  - "implementation of a schoolwide tiered model to prevent and address problem behavior, and early intervening services, coordinated with similar activities and services carried out under the individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq.)"
  Section 1114 (b)(7)(A)(iii)(III)
"professional development and other activities for teachers, paraprofessionals, and other school personnel to improve instruction and use of data from academic assessments, and to recruit and retain effective teachers, particularly in high-need subjects" Section 1114 (b)(7)(A)(ii)(IV)

"strategies for assisting preschool children in the transition from early childhood education programs to local elementary school programs" Section 1114 (b)(7)(A)(iii)(V)

Other

- Preschool Programs: a school that operates a schoolwide program under Title I Part A MAY use Title I part A funds that are available to establish or to enhance preschool programs for children who are under six years of age. Section 1114 (c)
- Delivery of Services: the services of a schoolwide programs under Title I Part A MAY be delivered by non-profit or for-profit external providers with expertise in using evidence-based or other effective strategies to improve student achievement. Section 1114 (d)

Examples of Uses of Funds (Based on the Needs Assessment)

- High-quality preschool or full-day kindergarten and services to facilitate the transition from early learning to elementary education programs
- Recruitment and retention of effective teachers, particularly in high-need subjects
- Instructional coaches to provide high-quality, school-based professional development
- Increased learning time
- Evidence-based strategies to accelerate the acquisition of content knowledge for English learners
- Activities designed to increase access and prepare students for success in high-quality advanced coursework to earn postsecondary credit while in high school (e.g., Advanced Placement, International Baccalaureate, early college high schools, and dual or concurrent enrollment programs)
- Career and technical education programs to prepare students for postsecondary education and the workforce
- Counseling, school-based mental health programs, mentoring services, and other strategies to improve students’ nonacademic skills
- School climate interventions (e.g., anti-bullying strategies, positive behavior interventions and supports)
- Equipment, materials, and training needed to compile and analyze student achievement data to monitor progress, alert the school to struggling students, and drive decision making
• Response-to-intervention strategies intended to allow for early identification of students with learning or behavioral needs and to provide a tiered response based on those needs
• Activities that have been shown to be effective at increasing family and community engagement in the school, including family literacy programs
• Devices and software for students to access digital learning materials and collaborate with peers, and related training for educators (including accessible devices and software needed by students with disabilities)

**Staffing Requirements in Schoolwide Programs** - there are specific Title I, Part A staffing requirements for paraprofessionals and teachers. [Section 1112 (e)]

• **All paraprofessionals** assigned to Title I, Part A schoolwide campuses must continue to meet federal standards
• **Teachers** assigned to Title I, Part A school campuses must meet applicable state certification requirements.

**For more information:**
• Supporting School Reform by Leveraging Federal Funds in a Schoolwide Program [https://www2.ed.gov/policy/elsec/leg/essa/essaswpguidance9192016.pdf](https://www2.ed.gov/policy/elsec/leg/essa/essaswpguidance9192016.pdf)
The *Ten Components of a Title I, Part A Schoolwide Program* were a requirement in developing "a comprehensive reform strategy designed to upgrade the entire educational program in a Title I campus". Currently under ESSA, these requirements are described much differently. According to the *Supporting School Reform by Leveraging Federal Funds in a Schoolwide Program*, non-regulatory guidance, September 2016, p.3, "There are three requirements of a schoolwide program that are essential to effective implementation: 1) conducting a comprehensive needs assessment, 2) preparing a comprehensive schoolwide plan, and 3) annually reviewing and revising, as necessary, the schoolwide plan."

A Title I, Part A Schoolwide Program has:

### MUSTS

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<tr>
<th>SECTION</th>
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<tr>
<td>1114(b)(6)</td>
<td>Comprehensive Needs Assessment</td>
<td>A schoolwide program shall develop a comprehensive plan that &quot;is based on a comprehensive needs assessment of the entire school that takes into account information on the academic achievement of children in relation to the challenging State academic standards, particularly the needs of those children who are failing or are at-risk of failing, to meet the challenging State academic standards and any other factors as determined by the local educational agency&quot;</td>
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<td>1114(b)(2)</td>
<td>Preparing Plan: Parent and Family Engagement</td>
<td>A schoolwide program shall develop a comprehensive plan that &quot;is developed with the involvement of parents and other members of the community to be served including teachers, principals, other school leaders, paraprofessionals present in the school, and administrators…&quot;</td>
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<td>1114(b)(4)</td>
<td>Preparing Plan: Understandable Language and Uniform Format</td>
<td>A schoolwide program shall develop a comprehensive plan that &quot;is available to the local education agency, parents, and the public, and the information contained in such plan shall be in an understandable and uniform format and, to the extent practicable, provided in a language that the parents can understand&quot;</td>
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<td>1114(b)(5)</td>
<td>Preparing Plan: Coordination and Integration</td>
<td>A schoolwide program shall develop a comprehensive plan that, if appropriate and applicable, &quot;is developed in coordination and integration with other Federal, State, and local services, resources, and programs, such as programs supported under this Act, violence prevention programs, nutrition programs, housing programs, Head Start programs, adult education programs, career and technical education programs, and schools implementing comprehensive support and improvement activities or targeted support an improvement activities under section 1111(d)&quot;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### MUSTS

| 1114(b)(7)(A)(i-iii) | Preparing Plan: Description of Strategies | A schoolwide program shall develop a comprehensive plan that includes a description of the strategies that the school will be implementing to address school needs, including a description of how such strategies will (i) "provide opportunities for all children, including each of the subgroups of students (as defined in section 1111(c)(2)) to meet the challenging State academic standards; (ii) use methods and instructional strategies that strengthen the academic program in the school, increase the amount and quality of learning time, and help provide an enriched and accelerated curriculum, which may include programs, activities, and courses necessary to provide a well-rounded education; and (iii) address the needs of all children in the school, but particularly the needs of those at risk of not meeting the challenging State academic standards"

### MAYS

(These are a variety of strategies that may be included in the plan.)

| 1114(b)(7)(A)(iii)(I) | Student Skills | "counseling, school-based mental health programs, specialized instructional support services, mentoring services, and other strategies to improve students' skills outside the academic subject areas"

| 1114(b)(7)(A)(iii)(II) | College and Career | "preparation for and awareness of opportunities for postsecondary education and the workforce, which may include career and technical education programs and broadening secondary school students' access to coursework to earn postsecondary credit while still in high school (such as Advanced Placement, International Baccalaureate, dual or concurrent enrollment, or early college high school)"

| 1114(b)(7)(A)(iii)(III) | Interventions | "implementation of a schoolwide tiered model to prevent and address problem behavior, and early intervening services, coordinated with similar activities and services carried out under the individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq.)"

| 1114(b)(7)(A)(iii)(IV) | Recruit and Retain | "professional development and other activities for teachers, paraprofessionals, and other school personnel to improve instruction and use of data from academic assessments, and to recruit and retain effective teachers, particularly in high-need subjects"

| 1114(b)(7)(A)(iii)(V) | Transition | "strategies for assisting preschool children in the transition from early childhood education programs to local elementary school programs"
SEC. 1114. SCHOOLWIDE PROGRAMS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—

(1) USE OF FUNDS FOR SCHOOLWIDE PROGRAMS.—

(A) ELIGIBILITY.—A local educational agency MAY consolidate and use funds under this part, together with other Federal, State, and local funds, in order to upgrade the entire educational program of a school that serves an eligible school attendance area in which not less than 40 percent of the children are from low-income families, or not less than 40 percent of the children enrolled in the school are from such families.

(B) EXCEPTION.—A school that serves an eligible school attendance area in which less than 40 percent of the children are from low-income families, or a school for which less than 40 percent of the children enrolled in the school are from such families, MAY operate a schoolwide program under this section if the school receives a waiver from the State educational agency to do so, after taking into account how a schoolwide program will best serve the needs of the students in the school served under this part in improving academic achievement and other factors.

(2) IDENTIFICATION OF STUDENTS NOT REQUIRED.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—No school participating in a schoolwide program shall be required to identify—

(i) particular children under this part as eligible to participate in a schoolwide program; or

(ii) individual services as supplementary.

(B) SUPPLEMENTAL FUNDS.—In accordance with the method of determination described in section 1118(b)(2), a school participating in a schoolwide program SHALL use funds available to carry out this section only to supplement the amount of funds that would, in the absence of funds under this part, be made available from non-Federal sources for the school, including funds needed to provide services that are required by law for children with disabilities and English learners.

(3) EXEMPTION FROM STATUTORY AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS.—

(A) EXEMPTION.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), the Secretary may, through publication of a notice in the Federal Register, exempt schoolwide programs under this section from statutory or regulatory provisions of any other noncompetitive formula grant program administered by the Secretary (other than formula or discretionary grant programs under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq.), except as provided in section 613(a)(2)(D) of such Act (20 U.S.C. 1413(a)(2)(D))),
or any discretionary grant program administered by the Secretary, to support schoolwide programs if the intent and purposes of such other programs are met.

(B) REQUIREMENTS.—A school that chooses to use funds from such other programs **SHALL NOT BE RELIEVED** of the requirements relating to health, safety, civil rights, student and parental participation and involvement, services to private school children, comparability of services, maintenance of effort, uses of Federal funds to supplement, not supplant non-Federal funds (in accordance with the method of determination described in section 1118(b)(2)), or the distribution of funds to State educational agencies or local educational agencies that apply to the receipt of funds from such programs.

(C) RECORDS.—A school that chooses to consolidate and use funds from different Federal programs under this section **SHALL NOT BE REQUIRED** to maintain separate fiscal accounting records, by program, that identify the specific activities supported by those particular funds as long as the school maintains records that demonstrate that the schoolwide program, considered as a whole, addresses the intent and purposes of each of the Federal programs that were consolidated to support the schoolwide program.

(b) SCHOOLWIDE PROGRAM PLAN.—An eligible school operating a schoolwide program **SHALL** develop a comprehensive plan (or amend a plan for such a program that was in existence on the day before the date of the enactment of the Every Student Succeeds Act) that—

(1) is developed during a 1-year period, unless—

(A) the local educational agency determines, in consultation with the school, that less time is needed to develop and implement the schoolwide program; or

(B) the school is operating a schoolwide program on the day before the date of the enactment of the Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA), in which case such school may continue to operate such program, but shall develop amendments to its existing plan during the first year of assistance after that date to reflect the provisions of this section;

(2) is developed with the involvement of parents and other members of the community to be served and individuals who will carry out such plan, including teachers, principals, other school leaders, paraprofessionals present in the school, administrators (including administrators of programs described in other parts of this title), the local educational agency, to the extent feasible, tribes and tribal organizations present in the community, and, if appropriate, specialized instructional support personnel, technical assistance providers, school staff, if the plan relates to a secondary school, students, and other individuals determined by the school;

(3) remains in effect for the duration of the school’s participation under this part, except that the plan and its implementation shall be regularly monitored and revised as necessary
based on student needs to ensure that all students are provided opportunities to meet the challenging State academic standards;

(4) is available to the local educational agency, parents, and the public, and the information contained in such plan shall be in an understandable and uniform format and, to the extent practicable, provided in a language that the parents can understand; and

(5) if appropriate and applicable, is developed in coordination and integration with other Federal, State, and local services, resources, and programs, such as programs supported under this Act, violence prevention programs, nutrition programs, housing programs, Head Start programs, adult education programs, career and technical education programs, and schools implementing comprehensive support and improvement activities or targeted support and improvement activities under section 1111(d);

(6) is based on a comprehensive needs assessment of the entire school that takes into account information on the academic achievement of children in relation to the challenging State academic standards, particularly the needs of those children who are failing, or are at-risk of failing, to meet the challenging State academic standards and any other factors as determined by the local educational agency; and

(7) includes a description of—
   (A) the strategies that the school will be implementing to address school needs, including a description of how such strategies **WILL**—
      (i) provide opportunities for all children, including each of the subgroups of students (as defined in section 1111(c)(2)) to meet the challenging State academic standards;
      (ii) use methods and instructional strategies that strengthen the academic program in the school, increase the amount and quality of learning time, and help provide an enriched and accelerated curriculum, which **MAY** include programs, activities, and courses necessary to provide a well-rounded education; and
      (iii) address the needs of all children in the school, but particularly the needs of those at risk of not meeting the challenging State academic standards, through activities which **MAY** include—
         (I) counseling, school-based mental health programs, specialized instructional support services, mentoring services, and other strategies to improve students’ skills outside the academic subject areas;
         (II) preparation for and awareness of opportunities for postsecondary education and the workforce, which may include career and technical education programs and broadening secondary school students’ access to coursework to earn postsecondary credit while still in high school (such as
Advanced Placement, International Baccalaureate, dual or concurrent enrollment, or early college high schools);

(III) implementation of a schoolwide tiered model to prevent and address problem behavior, and early intervening services, coordinated with similar activities and services carried out under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq.);

(IV) professional development and other activities for teachers, paraprofessionals, and other school personnel to improve instruction and use of data from academic assessments, and to recruit and retain effective teachers, particularly in high need subjects; and

(V) strategies for assisting preschool children in the transition from early childhood education programs to local elementary school programs; and

(B) if programs are consolidated, the specific State educational agency and local educational agency programs and other Federal programs that will be consolidated in the schoolwide program.

(c) PRESCHOOL PROGRAMS.—A school that operates a schoolwide program under this section may use funds available under this part to establish or enhance preschool programs for children who are under 6 years of age.

(d) DELIVERY OF SERVICES.—The services of a schoolwide program under this section may be delivered by nonprofit or for-profit external providers with expertise in using evidence-based or other effective strategies to improve student achievement.

(e) USE OF FUNDS FOR DUAL OR CONCURRENT ENROLLMENT PROGRAMS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—A secondary school operating a schoolwide program under this section may use funds received under this part to operate dual or concurrent enrollment programs that address the needs of low-achieving secondary school students and those at risk of not meeting the challenging State academic standards.

(2) FLEXIBILITY OF FUNDS.—A secondary school using funds received under this part for a dual or concurrent enrollment program described in paragraph (1) may use such funds for any of the costs associated with such program, including the costs of—

(A) training for teachers, and joint professional development for teachers in collaboration with career and technical educators and educators from institutions of higher education, where appropriate, for the purpose of integrating rigorous academics in such program;

(B) tuition and fees, books, required instructional materials for such program, and innovative delivery methods; and

(C) transportation to and from such program.
(3) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to impose on any State any requirement or rule regarding dual or concurrent enrollment programs that is inconsistent with State law.